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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/679,749	10/06/2003	Geoffrey Flagstad	14969US01 2813		
	7590 09/27/201 S HELD & MALLOY,	EXAMINER			
500 WEST MADISON STREET SUITE 3400 CHICAGO, IL 60661			PORTER, RACHEL L		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3626		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summany		Applicati	lication No. Applicant(s)					
		10/679,7	19	FLAGSTAD, GEOFFREY				
	Office Action Summary	Examine	•	Art Unit				
		RACHEL	L. PORTER	3626				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	correspondence ac	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN rasions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by seply received by the Office later than three months after the red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THE FR 1.136(a). In no event. Period will apply and we statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	26 April 2010.						
,		This action is r	on-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for alle			osecution as to the	e merits is			
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5-30 and 32-64</u> is/are pending in the application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1, 5-30 and 32-64</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election r	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner						
-	-		Objected to by the I	Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		-		FR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	-		-	, ,			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)□	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign prioritv un	der 35 U.S.C.)-(d) or (f).				
	a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
,-	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	3)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F					
_	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	ατοπι προποαποπ					

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Notice to Applicant

1. This communication is in response to the Board Decision and amendment filed on 4/26/10. Claims 2 and 31 have been cancelled and claims 1, 11, 12, 19, 25 and 30 have been amended. Claims 1, 5-30 and 32-64 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, per the Board Decision mailed 2/26/10, have been withdrawn based on the changes made by the applicant to the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 5-8, 11-30, 32, 35-46, and 49-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Segal (US 2001/0041991; hereinafter Segal), in view of Joao (6,283,761; hereinafter Joao), and in view of Official Notice.

As per previously presented claim 1, Segal discloses a method for a service provider to obtain a medical record of a patient from a covered entity in a form allowing said service provider to quickly disclose said medical record to a third party without restriction by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, the

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method comprising the following steps carried out by a service provider that is not the patient or a covered entity:

- (A) inducing said patient to receive said medical record from a covered entity in a first format (Segal: pg. 2, par. [0014]; pg. 12, par. [0151]) (Examiner notes Segal teaches that the patient has ownership and control of their medical records. As such, other parties interested in acquiring a medical record from a patient would be required to induce the patient to obtain their medical records for them.);
- (B) inducing said patient to convert said medical record to a storage format by summarizing, abstracting, retyping, redacting, supplementing, organizing, or selecting the medical record, without the service provider modifying the information or its format in the medical record, wherein said storage format is different from said first format (Segal: pg. 3, par. [0027]) Examiner notes Segal teaches a patient, "with guidance from their physician," obtaining their medical record in a first format (i.e., hard copy) and converting said medical record into a storage format (i.e., digital format via computer data entry);
- (C) receiving said medical record from said patient in a storage format (Segal: pg. 12, par. [0012]); and
- (D) storing said medical record in a memory in a form from which said medical record can be reproduced in said storage format (Segal: pg. 12, par. [0012]).

Segal, however, fails to expressly disclose a method for a service provider to obtain a medical record of a patient from a covered entity in a form allowing said service provider to quickly disclose said medical record to a third party without restriction by the

Health. Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, the method comprising the following steps carried out by a service provider that is not the patient or a covered entity:

- (D) storing said medical record without data processing said medical record [Emphasis added];
- (E) obtaining agreement in advance with the patient that the service provider shall transmit said medical record to a third party in the storage format as received from the patient under defined conditions; and
- (F) transmitting said medical record to a third party in the storage format as received from the patient when the defined conditions occur.

Nevertheless, these features are old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Joao and Official Notice. In particular, Joao and Official Notice disclose a method for a service provider to obtain a medical record of a patient from a covered entity in a form allowing said service provider to quickly disclose said medical record to a third party without restriction by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, the method comprising the following steps carried out by a service provider that is not the patient or a covered entity:

- (D) storing said medical record without data processing said medical record (Joao: col. 2, lines 26-30; col. 3, lines 25-45; col. 4, lines 27-33; col. 6, lines 52-56);
- (E) obtaining agreement in advance with the patient that the service provider shall transmit said medical record to a third party in the storage format as received from the patient under defined conditions (Official Notice: Examiner takes Official Notice that

the technique of having one party (e.g., intermediary, middle man, straw man, etc.) perform certain actions on behalf of another party through an agreement is notoriously well known and obvious. For example, a power of attorney, a proxy agreement, and executor/trustee agreements, are commonly used to obtain an agreement in advance between multiple parties to consummate an agreed course of action (e.g., transmission of medical records, etc.). Moreover, these techniques were developed and used prior to Applicant's invention to facilitate transactions.); and

(F) transmitting said medical record to a third party in the storage format as received from the patient when the defined conditions occur, (Official Notice: See step (E) above.).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Joao with the combined teachings of Segal and Official Notice with the motivation of providing healthcare information to pertinent parties (Joao: col. 7, lines 61-65).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Official Notice with the combined teachings of Segal and Joao with the motivation of facilitating transactions.

As per original claim 5, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, wherein: said memory is a portable medium (Segal: pg. 12, par. [0151]).

As per original claim 6, Segal discloses the method of claim 5, wherein" said portable medium is an optical disc (Segal: pg. 12, par. [0151]).

As per original claim 7, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising:

retrieving said medical record stored in said memory remotely through a computer communications network (Segal: Fig. 1).

As per claim 8, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising: said service provider inducing said patient to update said medical record stored in said memory (Segal: pg. 12, par. [0151]).

As per original claim 11, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, wherein: said medical record in said storage format is stored in a hierarchical storage system (Segal: Fig. 2a).

As per original claim 12, Segal discloses the method of claim 11, wherein: said medical record in said storage format is assigned to at least one file folder, said file folder containing medical records sharing at least one common attribute (Segal: Fig. 2a).

As per original claim 13, Segal discloses the method of claim 12, wherein: said file folder is assigned to at least one file template, said file template containing file folders sharing at least one common attribute (Segal: Fig. 2a).

As per original claim 14, Segal discloses the method of claim 13, wherein: a plurality of said file templates are stored in said storage system to form a general medical and personal information file of said patient (Segal: pg. 3, par. [0027]; Fig. 2a).

As per original claim 15, Segal discloses the method of claim 12, wherein: said file folder further comprises at least one sub-folder (Segal: Fig. 2a).

As per original claim 16, Segal discloses the method of claim 11, wherein: said hierarchical storage system provides hierarchical storage access (Segal: pg. 9, par. [0012]). Examiner notes also that, as a standard feature, data storage and operating systems (e.g., Microsoft Windows) enable a user to define multi-level access parameters to user designated files, folders, drives, databases, and/or applications, among other items.

As per original claim 17, Segal discloses the method of claim 14, wherein: access to a special file template is on a different basis than access to at least one other file template (Segal: pg. 9, par. [0012]). Examiner notes also that, as a standard feature, data storage and operating systems (e.g., Microsoft Windows) enable a user to define multi-level access parameters to user designated files, folders, drives, databases, and/or applications, among other items.

As per original claim 18, Segal discloses the method of claim 7, wherein: said special file template is an emergency file template (Segal: Fig. 2a).

As per original claim 22, Segal discloses the method of claim 20, wherein: said system is provided in the form of software (Segal: pg. 3, par. [0022]).

Claims 19-21 and 23-29 substantially repeat the same limitations of claims 1, 2, 5-11 and 16, and therefore, are rejected for the same reasons given for those claims and incorporated herein.

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Currently amended claim 30 substantially repeats the same limitations as amended claims 1 and 2 and therefore, is rejected for the same reasons given for those claims and incorporated herein.

As per original claim 32, Segal discloses the system of claim 30, wherein: said communication interface is adapted for acquiring said medical record from said patient in said storage format (Segal: pg. 7, par. [0099]; pg. 12, par. [0146]; Fig. 1 and Fig. 4).

As per original claim 46, Segal discloses the system of claim 44, wherein: said special file template is stored in a first memory and said general medical information file is stored in a second memory wherein said first and second memories are different optical discs (Segal: pg. 4, par. [0030]; Fig. 1).

Claims 35-45 and 47-49 substantially repeat the same limitations of claims 5-7, 8-18 and 20, and therefore, are rejected for the same reasons given for those claims and. incorporated herein.

As per previously presented claim 50, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, wherein said medical record is made by the covered entity before said inducing (Segal: par. [0121]).

As previously presented claim 51, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, wherein said inducing occurs before the patient obtains possession of the medical record (Segal: par. [0024], [0027] and [0121]).

As per previously presented claim 52, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the patient obtains possession of the medical record before said acquiring (Segal: par. [0121]).

As per previously presented claim 53, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the patient has a computer with Internet access, and said inducing further comprises said service provider inducing said patient to obtain possession in said patient's computer of said medical record in digital form from a covered entity (Segal: par. [0024], [0026], [0027] and [0108], fig. 1).

As per previously presented claim 54, Segal discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising said service provider inducing said patient to acquire said medical record in a digital storage format without intervention of any entity or person other than said covered entity (Segal: Segal: par. [0024], [0026], [0027] and [0108], fig. 1).

Claims 55-64 substantially repeat the same limitations as those recited in claims 50-54 and therefore, are rejected for the same reasons given for those claims and incorporated herein.

4. Claims 33 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Segal, Joao, and Official Notice, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Judson et al. (US 2005/0026117; hereinafter Judson).

As per original claim 33, Segal discloses system of claim 30, wherein: said communication interface is adapted to obtain the agreement of said patient to allow transmission of said medical record to a health care provider (Segal: pg. 3, par. [0028]). Segal, however, fails to expressly disclose the system of claim 30, wherein:

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under defined conditions.

Nevertheless, this feature is old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Judson. In particular, Judson discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising: under defined conditions (Judson: pg. 8, par. [0105]).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Judson within the combined teachings of Segal, Joao, and Official Notice with the motivation of managing a user's (e.g., patient) medical data (e.g., genomic data) (Judson: pg. 1, par. [0010]).

As per original claim 34, Segal fails to expressly disclose the system of claim 30, wherein:

communication interface is adapted to obtain said agreement before a defined condition arises.

Nevertheless, this feature is old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Judson. In particular, Judson discloses the method of claim 3, further comprising: said agreement is obtained before a defined condition arises (Judson: pg. 8, par. [0105]).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Judson with the combined teachings of Segal, Joao, and Official Notice with the motivation of managing a user's (e.g., patient) medical data (e.g., genomic data) and decreasing unauthorized access to medical data (Judson: pg. 1, par. [0010] and pg. 8, par. [0105]).

5. Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

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Segal, Joao, and Official Notice, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Mok et al. (US 2003/0140044; hereinafter Mok).

As per previously presented claim 9, Segal fails to expressly disclose the method of claim 1, further comprising:

said service provider inducing said patient to provide other information that is not a medical record, and storing said other information in said memory.

Nevertheless, this feature is old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Mok. In particular, Mok discloses the method of claim 1, further comprising:

said service provider inducing said patient to provide other information that is not a medical record, and storing said other information in said memory (Mok: pg. 14, par. [0127]).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Mok with the combined teachings of Segal, Joao, and Official Notice with the motivation of including other types of records where a person needs his/her records collected (Mok: pg. 14, par. [0127]).

As per original claim 10, Segal fails to expressly disclose the method of claim 9, wherein:

said other information comprises information selected from the group consisting of a living will, investment portfolio, life insurance and a credit arrangement.

Nevertheless, this feature is old and well known in the art, as evidenced by Mok. In particular, Mok discloses the method of Claim 9, wherein:

said other information comprises information selected from the group consisting of

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a living will, investment portfolio, life insurance and a credit arrangement (Mok: pg. 14, par. [0127]) (The Examiner has noted insofar as claim 10 recites "selected from the group consisting of a living will, investment portfolio, life insurance and a credit arrangement," an investment portfolio has been recited.).

One of ordinary skill would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Mok with the combined teachings of Segal, Joao, and Official Notice with the motivation of including other types of records where a person needs his/her records collected (Mok: pg. 14, par. [0127]).

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 4/26/10 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments will be addressed hereinbelow in the order in which they appear in the response filed 4/26/10.

With regard to Applicant's arguments, it is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has applied new citations and passages from the Segal, Joao, Judson, Official Notice and Mok references to the amended features of amended claims 1, 11, 12, 19, 25 and 30 at the present time. As such, Applicant's remarks with regard to the application of Segal, Joao, Judson, Official Notice and Mok to the amended claims are addressed in the above Office Action.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to RACHEL L. PORTER whose telephone number is (571)272-6775. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 10-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Morgan can be reached on (571) 272-6773. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/R. L. P./ Examiner, Art Unit 3626

/Robert Morgan/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3626